

CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019 (COVID-19) EPIDEMIOLOGICAL SURVEILLANCE PROTOCOL



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BACKGROUND

Coronaviruses (CoV) are a large family of viruses that cause illnesses ranging from less severe disease, such as the common cold, to more severe diseases such as Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS-CoV) and Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS-CoV). A novel coronavirus (nCoV) is a new strain that has not been previously identified in humans. Globally, novel coronaviruses emerge periodically in different areas, including SARS in 2002 and MERS in 2012¹.

A novel (new) coronavirus, SARS-CoV-2, which causes Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19), was identified in Wuhan City, Hubei Province, China in December 2019. The virus has caused significant morbidity and mortality in China and has spread globally.

Jamaica reported its first case of COVID-19 on the 10th of March 2020. Transmission Patterns for Jamaica include:

Date of Transmission Pattern Jamaica	Category	Definition
Up to March 9, 2020	No cases	Countries/territories/areas with no cases
March 10, 2020	Sporadic cases	Countries/territories/areas with one or more cases, imported or locally detected
March 14, 2020	Clusters of cases	Countries/territories/areas experiencing cases, clustered in time, geographic location and/or by common exposures
September 2, 2020	Community transmission	Countries/area/territories experiencing larger outbreaks of local transmission defined through an assessment of factors including, but not limited to: - Large numbers of cases not linkable to transmission chains - Large numbers of cases from sentinel lab surveillance - Multiple unrelated clusters in several areas of the country/territory/area

Jamaica's epidemiological surveillance system will be used to detect and report on potential cases of COVID-19. The components of this surveillance system which will be used and enhanced as necessary are:

- 1. The Class 1 Notification System (Case-based surveillance)
- 2. Sentinel Surveillance
- 3. Hospital Active Surveillance
- 4. Mortality Surveillance
- 5. Tourist Establishment Surveillance

¹ World Health Organization, 2020. Retrieved on January 20, 2020 from https://www.who.int/health-topics/coronavirus



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This protocol shall be adhered to for surveillance activities related to COVID-19 in the following areas:

- A. Case Based Surveillance
- B. Case Reporting and Investigation
- C. Contact Tracing
- D. Surveillance of COVID-19 in Health Care Workers
- E. Respiratory Surveillance
- F. General Hospital Surveillance
- G. Community Surveillance
- H. Surveillance in Special Settings
- I. Tourist Establishment Surveillance
- J. Surveillance in Special Groups
- K. Participatory / Event-based Surveillance
- L. Mortality Surveillance
- M. Specimen Collection and Testing
- N. Data Analysis and Interpretation
- O. Data Dissemination and Outputs

Purpose of these Guidelines

To provide guidance on how to implement surveillance standards for COVID-19.

Objectives

The objectives of epidemiological surveillance of COVID-19 are:

- 1. To monitor COVID-19 trends in Jamaica
- 2. To establish epidemiological characteristics of COVID-19 infection in Jamaica
- 3. To inform risk assessment and decision-making.

Version 19 of the COVID-19 Surveillance Protocol for Jamaica includes the following updates:

- Surveillance of COVID-19 in Health Care Workers
- Update on surveillance requirements to include:
 - General Hospital Surveillance
 - o Community Surveillance
 - o Surveillance in Special Setting
 - Surveillance in Special Groups



CASE BASED SURVEILLANCE

COVID-19 by **Public Health Order** was made a **Class 1 Notifiable Disease** in March 2020.

Suspected Case²

✓ A person with acute respiratory illness (fever and at least ONE (1) sign or symptom of respiratory disease (e.g., cough, shortness of breath)) AND a history of travel to or residence in a location reporting community transmission (see current WHO COVID-19 Situation Report) of COVID-19 disease during the 14 days prior to symptom onset.

OR

✓ A person with fever or any acute respiratory illness AND having been in contact with a confirmed or probable case of COVID-19 case, in the 14 days prior to the onset of illness.

OR

✓ A person with severe acute respiratory infection (fever and at least ONE (1) sign or symptom of respiratory disease (e.g., Cough, Shortness of Breath)) AND requiring hospitalization AND in the absence of an alternative diagnosis that fully explains the clinical presentation.

SUSPECTED CASE

Fever + Respiratory Symptoms AND Travel History

OR

Fever **or** Respiratory Symptoms
AND
Contact with a Confirmed or Probable
Case

<u>OR</u>

Fever + Respiratory Symptoms
AND
Hospitalization Needed
AND
No Alternative Diagnosis

ACTION: NOTIFY PARISH HEALTH DEPARTMENT, ISOLATE, TAKE A SAMPLE AND COMPLETE CASE INVESTIGATION

² World Health Organization, 2020 March 20. Global surveillance for COVID-19 caused by human infection with COVID-19 virus. Retrieved on March 24, 2020 from https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/technical-guidance/surveillance-and-case-definitions



Probable Case²

✓ A suspected case for whom testing for COVID-19 virus is inconclusive.

OR

✓ A suspected case for whom testing for COVID-19 could not be performed for any reason.

ACTION: MAINTAIN ISOLATION

Confirmed Case²

✓ A person with laboratory confirmation of COVID-19 infection, irrespective of clinical signs and symptoms.

ACTION: MAINTAIN ISOLATION

COVID-19 Death³

✓ A death resulting from a clinically compatible illness in a probable or confirmed COVID-19 case, unless there is a clear alternative cause of death that cannot be related to COVID-19 disease (e.g. trauma). There should be no period of complete recovery between the illness and death.

ACTION: NOTIFY PARISH HEALTH DEPARTMENT, TAKE A SAMPLE AND COMPLETE CASE INVESTIGATION

³ https://www.who.int/docs/default-source/coronaviruse/situation-reports/20200609-covid-19-sitrep-141.pdf?sfvrsn=72fa1b16 2



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CASE REPORTING AND INVESTIGATION

Notification

COVID-19 is a Class 1 notifiable condition. This means all cases thought to be COVID-19 must be notified by the medical practitioner (public and private) within 24 hours of suspicion. Specifically, for COVID-19, the local Parish Health Department and National Surveillance Unit must be notified immediately. A **Class 1 Notification Form** must be submitted within 24 hours of initial notification (Appendix 1).

Clusters of respiratory infections or undifferentiated fever must be notified by the medical practitioner (public and private) within 24 hours of suspicion. The local Parish Health Department or National Surveillance Unit must be notified immediately. Clusters should be investigated and cases in a cluster line listed.

Investigation

The Parish Medical Officer (Health) leads the case investigation team and must:

- Initiate case investigation within 24 hours of notification. A preliminary case or cluster investigation report must be submitted to the National Surveillance Unit within 24 hours of this notification (Appendix 2).
- Immediately initiate community outbreak control measures, including contact tracing, searching for other cases and line listing of all contacts using the Contact Tracing Intake and Daily Tracking Line Listing (Appendix 3). Excel spreadsheet provided separately.

Case Follow-up

The Parish Medical Officer (Health) or designate must ensure the completion of a **Case Follow-up Form** (Appendix 4) for persons who are admitted to hospital. This form will collect data on major events during the course of the illness - including any complications – as well as data on the final disposition of the case, allowing for closure of the case investigation.



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CONTACT TRACING

A contact is a person who experienced any one of the following exposures (face-to-face, direct physical contact, or direct care for a patient) during the 2 days before and the 14 days after the onset of symptoms or date of sample collection (if asymptomatic) of a probable or confirmed case.

Contact Tracing Requirements:

- 1. Identify all familial, social, work, and health care worker contacts who have had contact with a confirmed case from 2 days before symptom onset of the case and up to 14 days after their symptom onset.
- 2. Create a line list, including demographic information, date of first and last common exposure or date of contact with the confirmed or probable case, and date of onset if fever or respiratory symptoms develop.
- 3. The common exposures and type of contact with the confirmed or probable case should be thoroughly investigated.

All contacts must be listed with the minimum dataset stated in Appendix 3 and 5. A Parish Daily Surveillance Reporting Form (Appendix 6) is to be completed and submitted to the National Surveillance Unit daily.

Risk assessment must be completed for all contacts.

Contacts are to be classified as follows:

- 1. Face-to-face contact with a probable or confirmed case within 1 meter and for more than 15 minutes
 - a. Bedroom
 - b. Household / Family
 - c. Conveyance travelling in close proximity with (that is, having less than 1 m separation from) a COVID-19 patient in any kind of conveyance
- 2. Direct physical contact with a probable or confirmed case
- 3. Direct care for a patient with probable or confirmed COVID-19 disease without using proper personal protective equipment
- 4. Other situations as indicated by local risk assessments



Management of Contacts:

- Persons who fall in category 1, 2 or 3 (face-to-face, direct physical contact or direct care for a patient) will be placed in quarantine.
- Contacts will be sampled if they are symptomatic when identified or if they develop symptoms at any time within the 14-day quarantine period.
- The period of quarantine and observation will end on Day 15 after most recent contact.
- All contacts will be given explicit instructions (verbal and written) regarding the steps to be taken if symptoms develop.

The Parish Health Department must keep a record of the initial contact assessment, any significant events during the quarantine period (example: development of symptoms) and of the end-of-quarantine assessment (Appendix 4).



SURVEILLANCE FOR COVID-19 IN HEALTH-CARE WORKERS

Health-care workers (HCWs) constitute a critical group of persons who provide care for patients in health care facilities. HCWs are therefore at increased risk for health care associated COVID-19 infection. They play an important role in implementing infection prevention and control (IPC) measures in healthcare facilities.

Objectives

- 1. To assess the extent of human-to-human transmission of COVID-19 among health care workers
- 2. To characterize the range of clinical presentation of infection and the risk factors for infection among health care workers.

Definitions

Health care worker shall be defined for the purposes of COVID-19 surveillance as all staff in the health care facility involved in the provision of care for a COVID-19 infected patient. This includes those who have been present in the same area as the infected patient and those who have not provided direct care to the patient, but who have had contact with the patient's blood or body fluids, contaminated materials or devices and equipment linked to the patient or environmental surfaces.

The cadre of health care workers will therefore include all health care professionals, allied health workers, and auxiliary health workers. These include but are not limited to cleaning and laundry personnel, X-ray physicians and technicians, clerks, phlebotomists, respiratory therapist, nutritionists, social workers, physical therapists, lab personnel, cleaners, admission/reception clerks, patient transporters, and catering staff.

Health-Care Worker with Exposure Surveillance

Once a COVID-19 infected patient has been identified in a health care facility, a **list of all health care workers with any exposure to the COVID-19 patient** should be prepared (Appendix 7). Check with supervisors and colleagues, duty rosters and the patient's docket and consider all areas of the health care facility that the patient visited. The exposed HCWs should have a risk assessment done which will determine further actions to be taken. This list is to be forwarded to the National Surveillance Unit, Ministry of Health and Wellness with clear indication of which HCWs are tested.

All health care workers should be interviewed and a **COVID-19 surveillance investigation form** (Appendix 2) completed for those with high-risk exposures. If a symptomatic health care worker is too ill to be interviewed, a proxy (colleague or supervisor) may be interviewed and the investigation form completed. The case investigation form will be used to collect demographic

data, epidemiological data, including clinical symptoms, exposures in health care facility, and contact with confirmed case(s).

The health care worker is also expected to keep a log/diary of symptoms (Appendix 8) experienced daily and report this to the respective Health Department.

FACILITY REPORTING

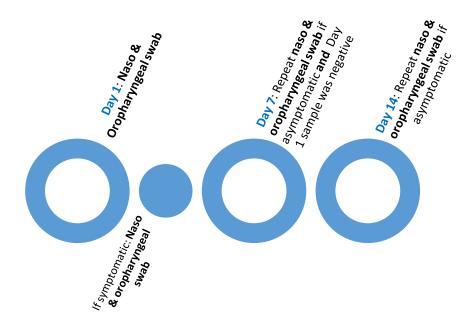
ACTION: NOTIFY THE PARISH HEALTH DEPARTMENT OF ALL HEALTH CARE WORKERS WITH ANY EXPOSURE TO A COVID-19 PATIENT AND TAKE A SAMPLE OF ALL HEALTH CARE WORKERS WITH HIGH RISK EXPOSURE

Specimen Collection

Both nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swabs should be taken (Appendix 9) from the HCW based on the following timelines:

Nasopharyngeal & Oropharyngeal Swabs

- 1. As soon as the HCW is identified as a possible high-risk contact of the confirmed COVID-19 infected patient in the health care facility.
- 2. If the HCW becomes symptomatic
- 3. On day 7 of quarantine
- 4. At the end of the 14-day quarantine period if the HCW remains asymptomatic.





Symptomatic Health-Care Workers

✓ A Health-Care Worker who presents with a measured fever and a cough/shortness of breath with onset within the last 10 days or less.

ALL symptomatic HCWs should be sampled and isolated.

SELF OR FACILITY REPORTING

ACTION: NOTIFY (SELF OR FACILITY REPORT) THE PARISH HEALTH DEPARTMENT AND TAKE A SAMPLE

The Health Department is to be notified if a sample is being taken. All specimens must be sent to the National Public Health Laboratory, accompanied by a completed Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form (Appendix 10). Please submit a copy of the Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form and the daily COVID-19 Laboratory Sample Line Listing (Appendix 12) to the Parish Health Department/National Surveillance Unit (NSU). Ensure the information is as complete as possible.



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RESPIRATORY SURVEILLANCE

Severe Acute Respiratory Illness (SARI) Surveillance

✓ A person who presents with symptoms of a measured fever or history of fever and a cough with onset within the last 10 days or less AND who requires hospitalization for their illness.

ALL HOSPITALS TO REPORT SARI CASES

ACTION: NOTIFY THE PARISH HEALTH DEPARTMENT AND TAKE A SAMPLE

The Health Department is to be notified if a sample is being taken. All specimens must be sent to the National Public Health Laboratory, accompanied by a completed Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form (Appendix 10). Please submit a copy of the Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form and the daily COVID-19 Laboratory Sample Line Listing (Appendix 11 and 12) to the Parish Health Department/National Surveillance Unit (NSU). Ensure the information is as complete as possible. Daily/Weekly complete Enhanced Hospital SARI/ILI/aLRTI Surveillance Reporting Form (modified Data Collection Form: SARI / ILI Hospitalizations and Death) (Appendix 12).

*For SARI Sentinel Site – In addition, please continue to report as per Ministry of Health and Wellness, Updated National Surveillance Manual, Section 13, June, 2019.

Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Surveillance

✓ A person who presents with symptoms of a measured fever or history of fever and a cough with onset within the last 10 days or less.

ACTION: NOTIFY THE PARISH HEALTH DEPARTMENT OF TOTAL CASES SEEN WEEKLY AND TAKE SAMPLES OF CASES BASED ON QUOTAS

ALL HEALTH FACILITIES TO REPORT ILI

The Health Department is to be notified if a sample is being taken. All specimens must be sent to the National Public Health Laboratory, accompanied by a completed Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form (Appendix 10). Please submit a copy of the Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form and the daily COVID-19 Laboratory Sample Line Listing (Appendix 11 and 12) to the Parish Health Department/National Surveillance Unit (NSU). Ensure the information is as



complete as possible. Daily/Weekly complete Enhanced Hospital SARI/ILI/aLRTI Surveillance Reporting Form (modified Data Collection Form: SARI / ILI Hospitalizations and Death) (Appendix 12).

*For ILI Sentinel Sites – In addition, please continue to report as per Ministry of Health and Wellness, Updated National Surveillance Manual, Section 13, June, 2019.

Admitted Lower Respiratory Tract Infection (LRTI) / Pneumonia Surveillance

✓ A Person who presents with a lower respiratory tract infection with onset within the last 14 days or less AND who requires hospitalization for their illness.

ALL HOSPITALS TO REPORT ADMITTED LRTI / PNEUMONIA

ACTION: NOTIFY THE PARISH HEALTH DEPARTMENT AND TAKE A SAMPLE

The Health Department is to be notified if a sample is being taken. All specimens must be sent to the National Public Health Laboratory, accompanied by a completed Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form (Appendix 10). Please submit a copy of the Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form and the daily COVID-19 Laboratory Sample Line Listing (Appendix 11 and 12) to the Parish Health Department/National Surveillance Unit (NSU). Ensure the information is as complete as possible. Daily/Weekly complete Enhanced Hospital SARI/ILI/aLRTI Surveillance Reporting Form (modified Data Collection Form: SARI / ILI Hospitalizations and Death) (Appendix 12).

For All CONFIRMED COVID-19 CASES

Case Investigation & Contact Tracing is to be done.

A COVID-19 Case Investigation Form must be completed and submitted to the Parish Health Department/National Surveillance Unit.



GENERAL HOSPITAL SURVEILLANCE

General Hospital Surveillance is an expansion of the routine surveillance in health care facilities to include surveillance of hospitalized patients.

Objective

Determine frequency of COVID-19 infection in hospitalized patients in whom a diagnosis of COVID-19 would not usually have been considered based on their clinical presentation.

Nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal samples should be taken from ALL Patients meeting one or more of the following criteria:

- 1. Patients admitted to the Intensive Care Units (ICU's) and High Dependency Units (HDU's)
- 2. Patients with decreased consciousness
- 3. Patients with cancer, diabetes mellitus, on immunosuppressive agents or otherwise immunosuppressed
- 4. Patients scheduled for surgery
- 5. Patients who have died in hospital

Note that any patient may be considered for testing for COVID-19 at the judgement of the attending physician(s).

ALL HOSPITALS TO REPORT GENERAL HOSPITAL SURVEILLANCE

ACTION: COMPLETE LINE LISTING AND TAKE A SAMPLE

Samples should be batched, line listed and clearly labelled with respect to source, date of sampling and reason for testing i.e. general surveillance. Each region should provide estimates for the numbers of the UTM needed weekly to the Director, National Public Health Laboratory (NPHL).



COMMUNITY SURVEILLANCE

Guidelines for Surveillance of COVID-19 in Communities

Community surveillance is active surveillance for early identification of intense transmission in communities and is meant to complement enhanced respiratory infection surveillance.

Public health teams should implement enhanced surveillance measures to detect and manage COVID-19 cases communities identified as high risk of intense transmission. Active case finding is performed through household surveys. The assessment is intended to detect and document potential cases of COVID-19 who reside in the community where confirmed cases have been identified and who may or may not have presented to health facilities and thereby been detected by the passive surveillance system. This allows the public health team to estimate the intensity of transmission and to implement control measures to contain spread of the disease.

Objective

Assess clusters of cases of COVID-19 in communities in order to target interventions appropriately

Surveillance Procedures

Public health teams will be required to:

- 1. Acquire community maps
- 2. Define the boundary of the community where cases reside, where possible in keeping with STATIN boundaries
- 3. Map area to be surveyed based on assessment of the public health team and in discussion with the MOHNEOC (Appendix 14a & 14b)
- 4. Interview head of household and where appropriate household members in all households within the community boundary
- 5. Administer [abbreviated] screening questionnaire (Appendix 14c) Abbreviated to assess whether any household member is symptomatic, demographic details contact history, history of current illness, comorbidities
- 6. Collect specimens for SARS-CoV-2 analysis as described below



Specimen Collection

Nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swabs for COVID-19 testing should be taken (Appendix 9) for:

- 1. ALL symptomatic individuals with Fever and/or Respiratory Symptoms
- 2. Residents 60 years and older with gastrointestinal symptoms

All specimens must be sent to the National Public Health Laboratory, accompanied by a completed Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form (Appendix 10). Please submit a copy of the Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form and the daily COVID-19 Laboratory Sample Line Listing (Appendix 12) to the Parish Health Department/National Surveillance Unit (NSU). Ensure the information is as complete as possible.

The public health team should at minimum document:

- 1. The number of households and their occupancy
- 2. History of present illness in symptomatic persons
- 3. The age, sex (and other socio-demographic characteristics) of included individuals
- 4. Exposure to SARS-CoV-2 and evidence of active COVID-19 virus infection, stratified by age and sex



SURVEILLANCE IN SPECIAL SETTINGS

Special Settings

Enclosed environments where both staff and residents/inmates interact in close proximity increases the potential for COVID-19 to spread rapidly.

Populations of interest:

Special settings refer to all residential facilities including, but not limited to:

- infirmaries
- nursing homes
- correctional facilities

Surveillance of COVID-19 in Infirmaries and Nursing Homes

Infirmary and nursing home residents are susceptible to infections (including COVID-19), severe morbidity and mortality. It is therefore important to safeguard this vulnerable population by adhering to infection prevention and control (IPC) measures. Surveillance and testing for COVID-19 in infirmary and nursing home staff who administer care in diverse areas to the residents must be prioritized to inform infection prevention and control strategies in these facilities.

Definitions

Infirmary staff constitute nurses, nursing assistants, physicians, technicians, therapists, and contractual staff not employed by the facility who are directly involved in the care of residents. Other staff may not be involved in the provision of care to residents but can be exposed to infectious agents, which may be transferred to residents. These persons will be included for surveillance purposes and include clerical, dietary, cleaning, laundry, security, engineering and facilities management, administrative, billing, and volunteer personnel.

Surveillance Procedures

General surveillance for COVID-19 and other respiratory illnesses is to be conducted on an ongoing basis and enhanced during the COVID-19 outbreak in infirmaries and nursing homes. This includes active case finding via daily screening for signs and symptoms, including daily temperature monitoring. The case definitions for a suspected, probable and confirmed COVID-19 case are as stated earlier in the surveillance guidelines.

All suspected cases of COVID-19 in infirmary/nursing home residents or staff must be notified within 24 hours to the local Parish Health Department and the National Surveillance Unit. A Class 1 Notification Form (Appendix 1) must be submitted within 24 hours of initial identification. As per surveillance protocols, case investigation must be initiated within 24 hours of notification and **COVID-19 surveillance case investigation form** (Appendix 2) completed for each resident or



staff and must be submitted within 24 hours of notification. Contact tracing and other outbreak control measures are to be followed in keeping with surveillance protocols.

Specimen Collection

The testing that is conducted at infirmaries and nursing homes should be implemented in addition to existing IPC measures. This includes visitor restriction, monitoring all HCP and residents for signs and symptoms of COVID-19, and universal masking as source control.

Nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swabs for COVID-19 testing should be taken for:

- 1. ALL suspected cases of COVID-19 in infirmary/nursing home residents and staff
- 2. ALL influenza-like illness cases (fever **AND** cough with onset within 10 days, not requiring admission)
- 3. ALL residents or staff with fever **OR** with any respiratory symptom (e.g. cough, rhinorrhoea, sore throat) or loss of taste or smell
- 4. ALL symptomatic residents or staff who are contacts of confirmed COVID-19 cases

The Parish Health Department is to be contacted and will arrange for testing if residents or staff at infirmaries or nursing homes require sampling for COVID-19 or other respiratory infections.

All specimens must be sent to the National Public Health Laboratory, accompanied by a completed Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form (Appendix 10). Please submit a copy of the Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form and the daily COVID-19 Laboratory Sample Line Listing (Appendix 12) to the Parish Health Department/National Surveillance Unit (NSU). Ensure the information is as complete as possible.

Surveillance of COVID-19 in Correctional Facility Staff and Inmates

Correctional facilities are enclosed environments where both staff and inmates interact in close proximity. There is therefore the potential for COVID-19 to spread rapidly. Public health teams should implement enhanced surveillance measures to detect and manage COVID-19 cases in these facilities. These measures include active case finding through daily screening for signs and symptoms, including daily temperature monitoring. As far as is possible, infection prevention and control (IPC) measures must also be adhered to in order to prevent adverse events.

Surveillance and testing for COVID-19 and other respiratory infections in inmates and staff in correctional facilities who administer care to the inmates may be conducted using the following protocol.



Definitions

Health care personnel (HCP) in correctional facilities constitute medical officers, nurses, nursing assistants, technicians, and therapists who are directly involved in medical care of the inmates.

Other staff may not be involved in the provision of medical care for inmates but can be exposed to infectious agents, which may be transferred to inmates. These persons include correctional officers, police officers, security guards, clerical, dietary, cleaning, laundry, security, engineering and facilities management, administrative, and volunteer personnel.

An **inmate** is a person who is involuntarily confined to a correctional facility.

Case definitions for a suspected, probable and confirmed COVID-19 case are as stated earlier (Page 3) in the surveillance guidelines.

Surveillance Procedures

All suspected cases of COVID-19 in prison inmates or staff must be notified within 24 hours to the local Parish Health Department and the National Surveillance Unit. A Class 1 Notification Form (Appendix 1) must be submitted within 24 hours of initial identification. As per surveillance protocols, case investigation must be initiated within 24 hours of notification and a case investigation form (Appendix 2) completed for each inmate or staff and must be submitted within 24 hours of notification. Contact tracing and other outbreak control measures are to be followed in keeping with surveillance protocols.

Specimen Collection

Nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swabs for COVID-19 testing should be taken for:

- 1. ALL suspected cases of COVID-19 in prison inmates and staff
- 2. ALL influenza-like illness cases (fever **AND** cough with onset within 10 days, not requiring admission)
- 3. ALL inmates or staff with fever **OR** with any respiratory symptom (e.g. cough, rhinorrhoea, sore throat) or loss of taste or smell

The Health Department is to be notified if a sample is being taken. All specimens must be sent to the National Public Health Laboratory, accompanied by a completed Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form (Appendix 10). Please submit a copy of the Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form and the daily COVID-19 Laboratory Sample Line Listing (Appendix 12) to the Parish Health Department/National Surveillance Unit (NSU). Ensure the information is as complete as possible. The testing that is conducted at correctional facilities should be implemented in addition to IPC measures.



TOURIST ESTABLISHMENT SURVEILLANCE

There is a legal obligation (Public Health Act: Tourist Establishment Regulation, 2000) for tourist establishments to weekly provide a standard surveillance report to the relevant parish health department. This report includes syndromes including acute respiratory infections. Further, tourist establishments are required to report within 24 hours of suspicion or confirmation, any case of a communicable disease. This system will be enhanced and monitored closely for the purposes of surveillance during the COVID-19 pandemic. The enhancement will include Tourist Establishment reports as a component of the parish and Regional Health Authorities scheduled reporting.

Populations of interest:

- Tourist establishment guests
- Tourist establishment staff

Objective

Detect and contain the possible spread of COVID-19 in tourist establishments

Surveillance Procedures

In the context of COVID-19, all cases of fever <u>OR</u> respiratory illness must be notified to the Parish Health Department and be sampled for COVID-19. The number of cases identified and samples taken are to be included in the weekly surveillance report submitted to the Parish Health Department. All cases must be isolated, and managed in accordance with guidelines for management of a suspected case of COVID-19. Case investigation and contact tracing must be done for all cases in keeping with the protocols.

Specimen Collection

The Parish Health Department is to be contacted and will arrange for testing where applicable.

Nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swabs for COVID-19 testing should be taken for:

- 1. ALL guest or staff identified with fever or respiratory symptoms
- 2. ALL suspected cases of COVID-19
- 3. ALL symptomatic contacts of confirmed COVID-19 patients

Please complete Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form (Appendix 10) and daily COVID-19 Laboratory Sample Line Listing (Appendix 12) and submit a copy to the Parish Health Department/National Surveillance Unit (NSU). Ensure the information is as complete as possible. The Health Department is to be notified if a sample is being taken. All specimens must be sent to the National Public Health Laboratory, accompanied by a completed Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form.



TARGETED SURVEILLANCE IN SPECIAL GROUPS

Populations of interest:

Based on risk assessment of groups and the potential for COVID-19 to spread; special groups may be selected for surveillance and testing. Special groups include:

- Controlled re-entry programme
 - o Returning Residents
 - o Involuntary returning migrants
 - Tourists
- Occupational groups examples:
 - o Business Process Outsourcing companies
 - Public passenger vehicle operators)

Guidelines for Surveillance of COVID-19 in Special Groups

Based on Government of Jamaica requirements, public health teams should implement enhanced surveillance measures to detect and manage COVID-19 cases among special groups.

Objective

Detect and characterize COVID-19 in special groups

Surveillance Procedures

All suspected cases of COVID-19 among special groups must be notified within 24 hours to the local Parish Health Department and the National Surveillance Unit. A Class 1 Notification Form (Appendix 1) must be submitted within 24 hours of initial identification. As per surveillance protocols, case investigation must be initiated within 24 hours of notification and a case investigation form (Appendix 2) completed for each case and submitted within 24 hours of notification. Contact tracing and other outbreak control measures are to be followed in keeping with surveillance protocols.

Specimen Collection

Nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swabs for COVID-19 testing should be taken for persons in special groups who fulfil the following criteria:

- 1. Suspected case of COVID-19
- 2. ALL influenza-like illness cases (fever **AND** cough with onset within 10 days, not requiring admission)
- 3. ALL individuals with fever **OR** with any respiratory symptom (e.g. cough, rhinorrhoea, sore throat) or loss of taste or smell
- 4. ALL other individuals as required by the GOJ Disaster Risk Management (Enforcement Measures) Orders



Please complete Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form (Appendix 10) and daily COVID-19 Laboratory Sample Line Listing (Appendix 12) and submit a copy to the Parish Health Department/National Surveillance Unit (NSU). Ensure the information is as complete as possible. The Health Department is to be notified if a sample is being taken. All specimens must be sent to the National Public Health Laboratory, accompanied by a completed Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form.



PARTICIPATORY / EVENT-BASED SURVEILLANCE

Reporting through:

- Telephone Health Hotline
- JamCOVID Application
- Rumors or Community Reports
- Media Reports

Objective

Detect, confirm, and assess possible occurrences of COVID-19 among members of the public

Surveillance Procedures

Notification of an event (including travel), illness, or death reported through telephone health hotline, JamCOVID application, or other means. Through the screening application, risk assessment conducted and selection for testing as appropriate.

Specimen Collection

Nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swabs for COVID-19 testing should be taken for:

1. ALL reports identified for testing through risk assessment algorithm

Please complete Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form (Appendix 10) and daily COVID-19 Laboratory Sample Line Listing (Appendix 12) and submit a copy to the Parish Health Department/National Surveillance Unit (NSU). Ensure the information is as complete as possible. The Health Department is to be notified if a sample is being taken. All specimens must be sent to the National Public Health Laboratory, accompanied by a completed Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form.



MORTALITY SURVEILLANCE

Objective:

Assess the demographic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

COVID-19 Death⁴

✓ A death resulting from a clinically compatible illness in a probable or confirmed COVID-19 case, unless there is a clear alternative cause of death that cannot be related to COVID-19 disease (e.g. trauma). There should be no period of complete recovery between the illness and death.

Identifying COVID-19-specific mortality is a challenge across the globe. In some places there are limitations in the availability of COVID-19 tests leading to lack of comparability in the number of COVID-19 cases and deaths. Without COVID-19 testing, deaths can be misclassified as it becomes difficult to differentiate between deaths from COVID-19 and deaths from some other causes. If there are disruptions in the health system and the society in general, this may contribute to deaths from other causes. Individuals may also avoid visiting health facilities due to fear of contracting infections. It is therefore useful to examine the excess mortality because of the COVID-19 epidemic to account for these situations.

The monthly number of deaths occurring in public hospitals are obtained from the **Hospital Monthly Statistical Reports (HMSR)**. The monthly number of deaths in public hospitals in 2020 are compared to the corresponding periods in previous five years. The monthly deaths are reviewed for excess using a threshold of the five-year mean number of monthly deaths plus two standard deviations.

Mortality data from the **civil registration and vital statistics system** account for community deaths and deaths occurring outside of public hospitals but tend to lag behind routine surveillance data as it is dependent on the registration of deaths. The number of deaths monthly in preceding years are obtained from the Registrar General's Department. The monthly deaths in 2020 are reviewed for excess using a threshold of the five-year mean number of monthly deaths plus two standard deviations.

In addition, the **crude case fatality rate** for the COVID-19 epidemic is calculated by dividing the number of confirmed COVID-19 deaths by the number of confirmed COVID-19 cases.

⁴ https://www.who.int/docs/default-source/coronaviruse/situation-reports/20200609-covid-19-sitrep-141.pdf?sfvrsn=72fa1b16 2



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The COVID-19 deaths are required to be notified within 24 hours of suspicion to the Parish Health Departments and the National Surveillance Unit. Case investigation must be initiated within 24 hours of notification and a case investigation form (Appendix 2) completed for each death and submitted within 24 hours of notification.



SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND TESTING

WHO⁵ Laboratory Strategy Guideline based on Transmission Scenario

Transmission Scenario:

Community transmission

Public Health Aim:

- Stop transmission and prevent spread

Testing Strategy Guidance:

- Test all individuals meeting the suspected case definition
- Consideration in the investigation of cases and clusters of COVID-19
- Clinical management of severe acute respiratory infections when COVID-19 is suspected
- SARI/ILI surveillance for COVID-19 and reporting

Specimens must be collected from and will be tested for SARS-CoV-2 for the following persons:

- i. All suspected cases (as per the case definition above)
- ii. All symptomatic contacts of confirmed COVID-19 cases
- iii. All SARI cases from ALL Hospitals
- iv. All admitted LRTI / Pneumonia from ALL Hospitals
- v. All ILI Cases
- vi. All health care workers who had high-risk exposure to confirmed COVID-19 cases (as per risk assessment)
- vii. All symptomatic health care workers irrespective of contact history
- viii. Other individuals as detailed above

Type of specimen

The recommended sample is a lower respiratory tract specimen (e.g., endotracheal aspirate, sputum or broncho-alveolar lavage). These specimens must be placed in a sterile container.

⁵ World Health Organization, 2020 March 22. Laboratory testing strategy recommendations for COVID-19 Retrieved on March 24, 2020 from https://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/331509/WHO-COVID-19-lab-testing-2020.1-eng.pdf



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In cases where lower respiratory tract specimens could not be obtained, a nasopharyngeal aspirate (in a sterile container) OR combined nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swabs should be taken for testing (Appendix 9). Swabs should be collected with Dacron or polyester flocked swabs and placed in viral transport medium. **Avoid using cotton tipped swabs for specimen collection.**

Labelling of specimens

All specimens must be labeled with:

- 1. Patient Name
- 2. Referring Facility
- 3. Date of Birth
- 4. Diagnosis: Suspected COVID-19
- 5. Date and time of sample collection

Specimens must be placed on ice at 4-8°C and transported <u>immediately</u> to the National Public Health Laboratory.

All specimens must be accompanied by a completed Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form (see attached 5). Contact the Consultant Microbiologist (Tel. No. 876-317-8376) immediately to inform them of the sample. The daily COVID-19 Laboratory Sample Line Listing (Appendix 12) and submit a copy to the Parish Health Department/National Surveillance Unit (NSU). Ensure the information is as complete as possible.



DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

Review and analysis of surveillance data must be completed at all levels.

The Parish Medical Officer (Health) must ensure that Class 1 Notification Forms and Case Investigation Forms are forwarded simultaneously to the Regional Health Authorities and the National Surveillance Unit, within the timelines specified above. A line listing of all reported cases should be maintained at the parish health department along with contact listings for each case. Epidemic curves as well as age, sex and geographic distribution of cases must be maintained at the parish level.

The Regional Technical Director, in collaboration with the Regional Medical Epidemiologist, must ensure that the line and contact listings are maintained for each parish. The age, sex, and geographic distribution, as well as the severity of cases should be monitored. Depending on the situation, daily or weekly reports may be required.

The National Epidemiology Unit will conduct analysis of national data, including the epidemiological profile of cases and the epidemic curves as the situation evolves. The National Epidemiology Unit will prepare appropriate reports showing information on the patterns of disease within the population.

DATA DISSEMINATION AND OUTPUTS

The National Epidemiology will be responsible for forwarding the information obtained from national level analysis to the Ministry of Health and Wellness National Emergency Operations Centre (MOHNEOC).



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APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1: CLASS 1 NOTIFICATION FORM

CLASS 1 REPORTING FORM - INDIVIDUAL NOTIFICATION (ON SUSPICION)

Date of Report: /	/ (DD/MM/YY) NEW CASE / PREVIO	DUSLY REPORTED CASE (Circ	ie One)
Diagnosis:			
Case Demographi	Information		
Name (including pet name):		Sex: Age:	D.O.B
Address: Lot #: _ (Include Landmark)	Street(Name)	Street T	(Drive, Road, Close etc)
Community _	Neighbouring Community/D	istrict:	Parish:
Workplace/School:		Occupation: History of overseas travel in pas	
(H) Phone #:	(Wk) Phone #:	Specify area/country:	
Name of NOK/Parent:		Relationship to case:	
Address of NOK/Parent: .		Phone No.: -	
Clinical Information	on:	A THE PARTY OF	
Symptoms:		Hosp./Facility Name: Medical Record #:	
	/(dd/mm/yy) Date seen://(dd/mm/yy)	Case admitted to Hosp?:	Y / N (Circle one)
tagenesson Salvana	/ / N Type:	Date of Admission: Ward:	/(dd/mm/yy)
		If dead, Date of Death:	/(dd/mm/yy
Notifier Information	on		
Name of notifier:	Phone #:	Received by MO(H) Parish MO(H) Signature	// (dd/mm/yy
Address:	Email:	Forwarded to R.S.O	/(dd/mm/yy
		rurwarded to Surveillance Unit	/ (dd/mm/yy Ministry of Health, Surveillance Unit, July 201



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APPENDIX 2: CASE INVESTIGATION FORM

Date of Reporting:			Region: _			_	Parish:			
Doctor:			_ Hospital /	Site:				Ward: _		_
Email:					_ F	hone	#:			_
Hospital/Medical Record	Number	г.					NEW CASE □		UPDATE	
Last Name:				Fire	st Nar	ne: _				
Date of Birth:							Sex: MALE 🗆 🛭		E O	
Country of Residence:			Parish:			•	Community:			
Street #: Str	reet Nan	ne:								
Epidemiologic Week of O	nset:							Date: _		
		CI	LINICAL & EPIDE			ROFIL	E			
			CLINIC	AL PROFILI	Т		Ι			
listory of Fever or Fever over 38%					Yes	No	Recorded temperatur			°
Cough Rhinorrhoea	Yes Yes		Difficulty Breathing/W		Yes	No No	Abnormal Lung Auso Abnormal lung x-ray			N N
kninorrnoea Bore Throat	Yes		Dyspnea/ Tachypnea Diamhoea		Yes	No	Seizure	iiinoiings	Yes Yes	N N
Shortness of Breath	Yes		Nausea/Vomiting		Yes	No	Other, please specify	r.		
oss of smell (Anosmia)	Yes		leadache		Yes	No				
oss of Taste (Ageusia)	Yes	No N	/lyalgia	FACTORS	Yes	No				
regnancy	T., T	Т.					Immunocompromise	d due to		
	Yes	No L	ung Disease includir	ng COPD	Yes	No	disease or treatment		Yes	N
yes, Trimester	1 2		Asthma		Yes	No	HIV / AIDS		Yes	N
Diabetes Mellitus	Yes		Neurological Disease		Yes	No	Malignancy		Yes	N
Bickle Cell Disease	Yes	-	iver Disease		Yes	No	71		Yes	N
Heart Disease	Yes	No R	Renal Disease		Yes	No	Obesity		Yes	N
Occupation Health Care Worker	- Hoolth	Loborote	EPIDEMIOLO			Studen	rt□ Other places see	nife:		
occupation Theater Care Workers	_ ream	Laborate	ory worker work	ng with Ann	IIIII	Ottobel	ita Otrier, piease spe	ony.		
			CONTAC	CT HISTO	RY					
n the 14 days before symptom onse	t, did the in	ndividual:								
I			EE 6 000 /ID 41	20						
Have close contact ³ with a person	wno is uno	aer invest	tigation for COVID-18	91				OY ON	N □ Unkne	own
Have close contact ³ with a laborate	on-confirm	ned COVI	ID-10 coso2							
If yes:	Jry-commi	ieu covi	ID-10 case:						N □ Unkne	
Where: Home□ Work□ H			Other, please spec	ify:					N □ Unkne	
Was the contact ill at the tim In which country was the co			b COMP 102				1	OY ON	N □ Unkne	own
in which country was the cor	itact diagr	ioseu wiu	II COVID-18:							
Contact's Name:					Anim	al Cont	act			
Close Contact with a person with	acute res				A.IIIII					
Contact's Name: Close Contact with a person with infection in the 14 days prior to o	acute res		-			-1			3/	
Close Contact with a person with nfection in the 14 days prior to o	acute res	mptoms	Yes	No		, pleas	e specify:		Yes	No
Close Contact with a person with	acute res	mptoms		No		, pleas	e specify:		Yes	No
Close Contact with a person with infection in the 14 days prior to o	acute res onset of syr ealth Care	mptoms e Setting□			If yes			should be use		



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			TRAVEL H	ISTORY		
In the 14 days befor Travel to Jamaica from		t, did	the individual:		_Y _	N 🗆 Unknown
If Yes,						
Country	Provin	ce/City	/	Departure Date		
Country	Provin	ce/City	/	Departure Date		
Admitted to ICII:	Yes - No -	If Voc	s Date admitted to ICI	ı. ı	Date Discharged from IC	11:
					ate stopped:	
Length of Ventila					ate stopped.	
	–		 tion: Yes □ No □			
	ionibrano enj	gona	LABORATO	RY DATA		
			MOLECULAR			
Sample Type	Collection Date	Test	Туре	Results		Result Date
Nasopharyngeal	Date	PCR			VID-19 -ve □ Other+ve □	
Oropharyngeal Sputum	Date Date	PCR			VID-19 -ve □ Other+ve □ VID-19 -ve □ Other+ve □	
Other (specify)	<u> </u>		11-7/			
	I	l	SEROLOGICA			I
Sample Type	Collection Date Date	_	t Type	Results		Result Date
Serum 🗆	Date	IgM IaGE		Positive □, Titre Negative □		
Other (specify)			er (specify)	Inconclusive		
			CONTACT 1	RACING		
Contact Type			Number of Contacts	Identified	Number of Contacts S	ampled
Bedroom						
Household						
Conveyance						
Health Facility						
Other (specify)						
MO(H) Signature:				Date:		
	e present in some patie		ch as those who are very young, el		or taking certain medications. Clinical	judgement should be
A contact is a person: - Pro the same close environme.	oviding direct care for nt of a Positive patient	Confirm ; Worki	ing together in close proximity or s	haring the same classroom	fected with novel coronavirus; visiting environment with a Test Positive pati nt within a 14-day period after the on	ent - Traveling
Prepared by the Na	tional Surveillan	ice Ui	nit, Ministry of Health &	Wellness	Revise	d - 2020/07/08



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APPENDIX 3: FIELDS FOR CONTACT INTAKE LINE LISTING

(Spreadsheet sent separately)

- i. Date of intake
- ii. Name of Suspected/Confirmed Case
- iii. Type of Contact
- iv. Risk level
- v. Date of most recent contact
- vi. First name
- vii. Last name
- viii. Date of Birth
 - ix. Current Age
 - x. Sex at Birth
- xi. Current Age
- xii. Telephone number 1
- xiii. Next of Kin name
- xiv. Next of Kin telephone number
- xv. GPS Coordinates
- xvi. Street Number
- xvii. Street Name
- xviii. District
 - xix. Community
 - xx. Parish
- xxi. Landmark
- xxii. Symptomatic/Asymptomatic
- xxiii. Date of onset of symptoms
- xxiv. Fever (Y/N)
- xxv. Cough (Y/N)
- xxvi. Shortness of breath (Y/N)
- xxvii. Other, specify
- xxviii. Comments



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APPENDIX 4: CASE FOLLOW-UP FORM



RNA BULDING, 10-18 GREWADI. WAY CI 45-47 BURENCOS AVENUECI 24-28 GREWADI. CRESCENT CI 10º CHEUSEI. AVENUE

Doctor:		·g		Region:			Parish:		
Email:						_			_
Hospital/Medical Record Number:				mospital rotte	Р	hone			_
Date of Birth:							· ···		_
Date of Birth:									
Parish: Community:	Last Name:			F	irst Nan	1e:			
Date of Onset: Date of Onset of Illness: Admission Date:	Date of Birth:			Age:			Sex: MALE 🗆 FE	MALE D	ı
Date of Onset: Date of Onset of Illness: Admission Date:	Country of Resid	ence:		Parish:			Community:		
CLINICAL SEPIDEMIOLOGICAL PROFILE CLINICAL COURSE COURRENT STATUS Max. Recorded temperature	,								
CLINICAL & EPIDEMIOLOGICAL PROFILE CLINICAL COURSE COURRENT STATUS Max. Recorded temperature	Epidemiologic W	eek of Onset:	Date	of Onset of Illness	i:		Admission Date:		
Max. Recorded temperature									
SYMPTOM \$/ \$ SYMPTOM \$/ \$				CLINICAL COU	R8E				
Cough	CURRENT STATUS			Max. Recorded temper	ature				
Sere throat Yes No Nausea Yes No	Recovered Do	de		8YMPTOM 8/8IGN 8					
Runny nose	W			an arrange in	_				1.400
Shortness of Breath Yes No Rash Yes No Round Yes No Rash Yes No Round Round Yes No Round Yes No Round Round Yes Round Yes Round Round Yes Round Round Yes Round Ro	Died 🗆 Di	ite							
COMPLICATION 8	Unknown 🗆 🗀	te				_		\rightarrow	
Anosmia Yes No Seizures Yes No No Seizures Syndrome Anosmia Yes No Seizures Syndrome Anosmia Yes No Altered consciousness Yes No Acute Renal Fature Date Fatigue Yes No Altered consciousness Yes No Acute Renal Fature Date Date Joint Pain Yes No Nosebleed Yes No Other signs/symptoms (specify) Date Date Date Muscle Pain Yes No Other signs/symptoms (specify) Muscle Pain Yes No Other signs/symptoms (specify) Mitted to ICU: Yes No If Yes, Date admitted to ICU: Date Discharged from ICU: Date stopped: Chills Yes No Other signs/symptoms (specify) Mitted to ICU: Yes No If Yes, Date admitted to ICU: Date Discharged from ICU: Date stopped: Chanical Ventilation: Yes No If Yes, Date started: Date stopped: Date stopped: Chancel Pain Yes No Other signs/symptoms (specify) Mitted to ICU: Yes No Other signs/symptoms (specify) Mitted to ICU: Date Discharged from ICU: Date Stopped: D	COMPLICATION 8				_	-			
Districts Syndrome Distric	Acute Respiratory	Date			Yes		,	Yes	No
Date								+	No
Date		_		- unique					
Chills Yes No Other signs/symptoms (specify) Chills Yes No Other signs/symptoms (specify) Chanical Ventilation: Yes No If Yes, Date admitted to ICU: Date Discharged from ICU: Date stopped: Chanical Ventilation: Yes No If Yes, Date started: Date stopped: Chanical Ventilation (days): Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation: Yes No Chancel Membrane Oxygenation: Yes N								1	
Initited to ICU: Yes No If Yes, Date admitted to ICU:				muscle Pain	1 6236	PRO	Other agricinaly inprovise (apecity)		
mitted to ICU: Yes No If Yes, Date admitted to ICU:		Date		Chills	Yes	No	Other signs/symptoms (specify)		
Content Cont				•				_	
Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation: Yes No	mitted to ICU: Y	es - No - If	res, Date a	dmitted to ICU:		Da	te Discharged from ICU:		
Collection Date Test Type Collection Date Test Type Results Resu	chanical Ventilat	ion: Yes 🗆 No	□ If Yes,	Date started:			Date stopped:		
Collection Date Test Type Collection Date Test Type Results Result Date	gth of Ventilatio	n (days):		E	xtracorp	oreal	Membrane Oxygenation:	Yes 🗆 No	0 🗆
MOLECULAR TESTING Sample Type Collection Date Test Type Results	•						76		
Sample Type Collection Date Test Type Results Results Result Date Nasopharyngeal Date PCR Other COVID-19 + W_ COVID-19 - W_ OthertyR_ Oropharyngeal Date PCR Other COVID-19 + W_ COVID-19 - W_ OthertyR_ Sputum Date PCR Other COVID-19 + W_ COVID-19 - W_ OthertyR_ Other (specify) Semple Type Collection Date Test Type Results									
Date PCR Other COVID-19 + 16 COVID-19 - 16 Other COVID-19 + 16 Other COVID-19 - 16			Test Type					Result Da	ste
Date	Sample Type	Collection Date					VID-19 -ve. Cl Other+ve. Cl		
Sputum				ther CC	0VID-19 +ve	- CO			
Sample Type Collection Date Test Type Results Result Date Serum Date IgM DESCRIPTION Negative DESCRIPTION NEGATIV	Nasopharyngeal 🗆	Date	PCR □ O				VID-19 -ye.□ Other±ye.□		
Sample Type Collection Date Test Type Results Result Date Serum □ Date IgM □ Fostive □ Tire	Nasopharyngeal Oropharyngeal	Date Date	PCR □ Of	ther CO	3V1D-19 +₩	o co			
Serum	Nasopharyngeal Oropharyngeal Sputum	Date Date	PCR □ Of	ther CO	XVID-19 +w	o co			
Other (specify) gG Negative Inconclusive	Nasopharyngeal Dropharyngeal Sputum Other (specify)	Date Date Date	PCR □ OI PCR □ OI	ther CC ther CC SEROLOGICAL TE	2VID-19 +W 2VID-19 +W ESTING	o co			
Other (specify)	Nasopharyngeal Dropharyngeal Sputum Other (specify)	Date Date Date Collection Date	PCR □ Of	ther CC ther CC SEROLOGICAL TE	OVID-19 +VA OVID-19 +VA ESTING	, II CO	VID-19 -us- □ Otherws-□	Result Da	ete
annee (observe))	Nasopharyngeal Dropharyngeal Sputum Other (specify)	Date Date Date Collection Date	PCR □ Or PCR □ Or PCR □ Or PCR □ Or	### CC ### CC ### SEROLOGICAL TI Re	OVID-19 + VA OVID-19 + VA OVID-19 + VA ESTING SUITS	, II CO	VID-19 -us- □ Otherws-□	Result Do	ste
	Nasopharyngeal Dropharyngeal Sputum Other (specify) Sample Type	Date Date Date Collection Date	PCR OF PCR OF PCR OF PCR OF	ther Control C	OVID-19 + WA OVID-19 + WA ESTING COURTS	CO CO	VID-19 -us- □ Otherws-□	Result Da	ste
(H) Signature: Date:	Sample Type Nasopharyngeal Oropharyngeal Sputum Other (specify) Sample Type Serum Other (specify)	Date Date Date Collection Date	PCR OF PCR OF PCR OF PCR OF	ther Control C	OVID-19 + WA OVID-19 + WA ESTING COURTS	CO CO	VID-19 -us- □ Otherws-□	Result Do	ate

COVID-19 Surveillance Protocol - Revised September 15, 2020. V19



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APPENDIX 5: FIELDS FOR CONTACT TRACING DAILY TRACKING LINE LISTING

- i. Date of assessment
- Time of assessment ii.
- iii. Parish
- iv. First Name
- v. Last Name
- vi. Day 1
- Day 2 vii.
- viii. Day 3
- ix. Day 4
- Day 5 X.
- xi. Day 6
- xii. Day 7
- xiii. Day 8
- Day 9 xiv.
- XV. Day 10
- Day 11 xvi.
- xvii. Day 12
- xviii. Day 13
- Day 14 xix.
- Remarks XX.



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APPENDIX 6: PARISH DAILY CONTACT TRACING SURVEILLANCE REPORTING FORM

Date of Report:

Parish: _____

CONFIRMED CASE'S INITIALS	Total No. of Households visited (cum)	Total No. of Overall Contacts Identified	Total No. of Community Contacts Identified	Total No. of Community Contacts Currently being Followed	Total No. of Close Contacts Identified	Total No. of Close Contacts Ever Followed	Total No. of Close Contact Currently being Followed	Total No. of contacts currently symptomatic	Total No. of contacts currently isolated
Position of	Reporter:								



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APPENDIX 7: HEALTH CARE WORKER EXPOSURE LINE LISTING TEMPLATE

Name of COVID-19 positive patient	Name of HCW contact	Age	Sex	Occupation/ job title	Type of exposure	Risk category (high/ low)	Date of first contact	Date of last contact	Date Tested



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APPENDIX 8: HEALTH CARE WORKER SYMPTOM DIARY

Day				Symptoms			
	No symptoms (check if none experienced)	Fever ≥38°C	Sore throat	Cough	Runny nose	Shortness of breath	Other symptoms: specify
0	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
1	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
2	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
3	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
4	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
6	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
7	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
8	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
9	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
10	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
11	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
12	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
13	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
14	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
15	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
16	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
17	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
18	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
19	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
20	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
21	□ None	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	



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APPENDIX 9: TAKING A NASOPHARYNGEAL SAMPLE

TAKING A NASOPHARYNGEAL SWAB

Ensure adherence to airborne precautions

Assemble equipment and forms

RESOURCES NEEDED

Viral or Universal Transport Medium

Synthetic swab:

Lab Investigation Form

Gown, N95 respirator, Eye Protection, Gloves

- Notify the Director, National Laboratory Service or Microbiologist at the National Public Health Laboratory
- Explain the procedure to the Patient
- Gain the patient's permission to perform the procedure
- Complete the Jamaica Laboratory Investigation Form
- Label Universal Transport Medium or Viral Transport Medium (VTM) tube
- Wash hands; put on gown, N95 respirator, eye protection, and gloves
- Have the patient evacuate mucous (if present) from both nostrils
- Tilt patient's head back 70 degrees
- Insert swab into nostril (to a depth equal to distance from nostrils to outer opening of the ears)
- Leave swab in place for several seconds to absorb secretions
- Slowly remove swab while rotating it swab both nostrils with the same swab
- Place tip of swab into the sterile UTM/VTM tube below the level of the liquid media.
- Break/Cut off the applicator stick at the scored point or to a length that allows it to fit the tube
- Seal the cap tightly on the UTM/VTM tube
- Place UTM/VTM tube on frozen cold pack
- Wash hands





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APPENDIX 10: JAMAICA: LABORATORY SURVEILLANCE INVESTIGATION FORM

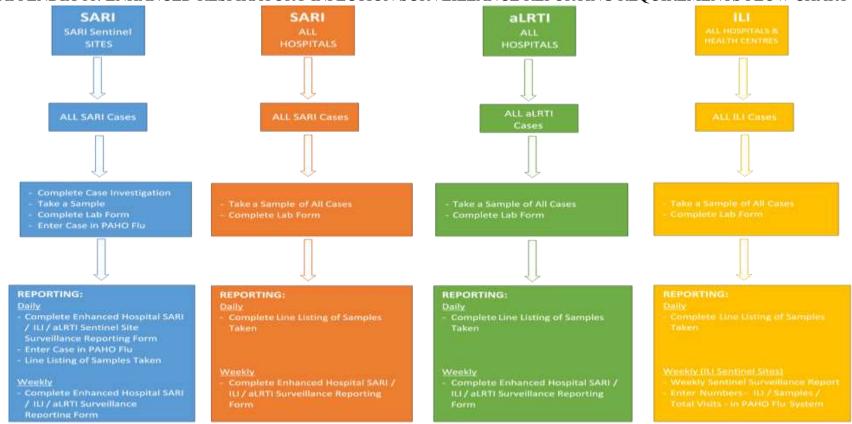
1. Patient Information		5. Case/Spe					
Last Name		☐ Single cas					Unknown
First Name		6. Date of O		Iness		zed?	DY DN DDK
Patient ID					Died?		
Gender□M □F Age	☐ years ☐ months	8. Signs an					1000/8111100
Date of Birth YYYY/MM/DD							YYYY/MM/DD
Street ## -					→ 0	Inset:	YYYY/MM/DD
City/Parish		□ Pain → L					
Postal Code Tel:		☐ Haemorrh					
Travel History DY DN Country V		☐ Paralysis=	+ Location	n:	→ 0	nset:	YYYY/MIM/DD
2. Referring Doctor		☐ Altered men					onic Conditions
Consultant:		☐ Chills ☐ Circulatory (collapse	□ Jaundice □ Neck stiff	ness		sthma utoimmune diseas
Attending Dr.:		□ Conjunctivit	18	Lymphad	enopathy		ancer
Signature:		☐ Convulsions ☐ Coryza		☐ Kemig's 8	agn		labetes Mellitus IIV / AIDS
Reporting Address: HOSPI	TAL / WARD	□ Cough □ Diarrhoea □ Fallure to th		☐ Weaknes	s of Ilmbs		
Tel: Fax: _ Date Specimen Taken: \(\frac{\frac{1}{2}1		☐ Fallure to th	irive	□ Other →	specify		
3. Provisional Diagnosis	WOD .	9. Syndron					
(eg. Malaria, Influenza, Measles)		☐ Acute Flac] Fever & F	Rash	
-		□ Gastroent			Fever & F		
		☐ Fever & H ☐ Fever (und			l Fever & N	veurol	ogic
		_					PI No:
4. Food/Animal/Environment Sa	imple Details (# relevant	iv. iiiiiiiiiiiiii	1995 1915 191				
		BCG: DVD			MR· □		
Specimen ID		BCG: DYD	N YYYY	Y/MM/DD	MR: □	YON	YYYYYMM/DI
Specimen ID Name of food/env sample		BCG: UYU DPT: UYU HBV: UYU	N YYYY N YYYY	MM/DD Y/MM/DD	Pollo: 🗆	Y 0 N Y 0 N Y 0 N	YYYY/MM/DI YYYYYMM/DI YYYYYMM/DI
Specimen ID Name of food/env sample Where specimen(s) collected		BCG: OYO DPT: OYO HBV: OYO MMR: OYO	N YYYY N YYYY	MM/DD Y/MM/DD	Pollo: 🗆	Y 0 N Y 0 N Y 0 N	YYYY/MM/DI YYYYYMM/DI YYYYYMM/DI
Specimen ID	Survey 🗆 Other	BCG: UYU DPT: UYU HBV: UYU MMR: UYU *Specify	N YYYY N YYYY N YYYY	YMM/DD YMM/DD YMM/DD YMM/DD	Pollo: YF: Other‡:	Y 0 N Y 0 N Y 0 N	A AAAAAMMDI AAAAAMMDI AAAAAMMDI AAAAAMMDI AAAAAMMDI
Specimen ID	Survey 🗆 Other	BCG: □ Y □ DPT: □ Y □ HBV: □ Y □ MMR: □ Y □ *Specify Jrine; 8tool; Ticsu	N YYYY N YYYY N YYYY	//M//DD //M//DD //M//DD //M//DD	Pollo: YF: Other*: Vater; Animal;	Y ON Y ON Y ON Enviro	N YYY/M/D
Specimen ID Name of food/env sample	Survey 🗆 Other	BCG: □ Y □ DPT: □ Y □ HBV: □ Y □ MMR: □ Y □ *Specify Jrine; 8tool; Ticsu	N YYYY N YYYY N YYYY	YMM/DD YMM/DD YMM/DD YMM/DD	Pollo: YF: Other*: Vater; Animal;	Y ON Y ON Y ON Enviro	YYYYMMDI YYYYYMMDI YYYYYMMDI
Specimen ID	Survey 🗆 Other	BCG: □ Y □ DPT: □ Y □ HBV: □ Y □ MMR: □ Y □ *Specify Jrine; 8tool; Ticsu	N YYYY N YYYY N YYYY	//M//DD //M//DD //M//DD //M//DD	Pollo: YF: Other*: Vater; Animal;	Y ON Y ON Y ON Enviro	N YYY/M/D
Specimen ID	Survey 🗆 Other	BCG: □ Y □ DPT: □ Y □ HBV: □ Y □ MMR: □ Y □ *Specify Jrine; 8tool; Ticsu	N YYYY N YYYY N YYYY	//M//DD //M//DD //M//DD //M//DD	Pollo: YF: Other*: Vater; Animal;	Y ON Y ON Y ON Enviro	N Y / M / M / M / M / M / M / M / M / M /
Specimen ID	Survey 🗆 Other	BCG: □ Y □ DPT: □ Y □ HBV: □ Y □ MMR: □ Y □ *Specify Jrine; 8tool; Ticsu	N YYYY N YYYY N YYYY	//M//DD //M//DD //M//DD //M//DD	Pollo: YF: Other*: Vater; Animal;	Y ON Y ON Y ON Enviro	N YYY/M/D
Precimen ID Name of food/env sample Name of Specimen Date Specimen Collected Lab Test(s) Requested	Survey 🗆 Other	BCG: □ Y □ DPT: □ Y □ HBV: □ Y □ MMR: □ Y □ *Specify Jrine; 8tool; Ticsu	N YYYY N YYYY N YYYY	//M//DD //M//DD //M//DD //M//DD	Pollo: YF: Other*: Vater; Animal;	Y ON Y ON Y ON Enviro	N Y / M / M / M / M / M / M / M / M / M /
Specimen ID	Survey 🗆 Other	BCG: □ Y □ DPT: □ Y □ HBV: □ Y □ MMR: □ Y □ *Specify Jrine; 8tool; Ticsu	N YYYY N YYYY N YYYY	//M//DD //M//DD //M//DD //M//DD	Pollo: YF: Other*: Vater; Animal;	Y ON Y ON Y ON Enviro	N YYY/M/D
Precimen ID Name of food/env sample Name of Specimen Date Specimen Collected Lab Test(s) Requested	Survey 🗆 Other	BCG: □ Y □ DPT: □ Y □ HBV: □ Y □ MMR: □ Y □ *Specify Jrine; 8tool; Ticsu	N YYYY N YYYY N YYYY	//M//DD //M//DD //M//DD //M//DD	Pollo: YF: Other*: Vater; Animal;	Y ON Y ON Y ON Enviro	N YYY/M/D
Specimen ID Name of food/env sample	Survey 🗆 Other	BCG: □ Y □ DPT: □ Y □ HBV: □ Y □ MMR: □ Y □ *Specify Jrine; 8tool; Ticsu	N YYYY N YYYY N YYYY	//M//DD //M//DD //M//DD //M//DD	Pollo: YF: Other*: Vater; Animal;	Y ON Y ON Y ON Enviro	N YYY/M/D
*Specimen ID	Survey 🗆 Other	BCG: □ Y □ DPT: □ Y □ HBV: □ Y □ MMR: □ Y □ *Specify Jrine; 8tool; Ticsu	N YYYY N YYYY N YYYY	//M//DD //M//DD //M//DD //M//DD	Pollo: YF: Other*: Vater; Animal;	Y ON Y ON Y ON Enviro	N YYY/M/JO
Specimen ID Name of food/env sample Name of food/env sample Nhere specimen(s) collected Outbreak Traceback Sterum; EDTA blood; Blood sme Sterum; EDTA blood;	Survey 🗆 Other	BCG: □ Y □ DPT: □ Y □ HBV: □ Y □ MMR: □ Y □ *Specify Jrine; 8tool; Ticsu	N YYYY N YYYY N YYYY	//M//DD //M//DD //M//DD //M//DD	Pollo: YF: Other*: Vater; Animal;	Y ON Y ON Y ON Enviro	N YYY/M/D
**Serum; EDTA blood; Blood ome **Serum; EDTA blood; Blood ome *Type of Specimen Date Specimen Collected Lab Test(s) Requested Date Received at Nat Lab Nat Lab Specimen ID Test(s) Performed Date(s) Tested Laboratory diagnosis	Survey 🗆 Other	BCG: □ Y □ DPT: □ Y □ HBV: □ Y □ MMR: □ Y □ *Specify Jrine; 8tool; Ticsu	N YYYY N YYYY N YYYY	//M//DD //M//DD //M//DD //M//DD	Pollo: YF: Other*: Vater; Animal;	Y ON Y ON Y ON Enviro	N Y / M / M / M / M / M / M / M / M / M /
Specimen ID Same of food/env sample Shame of Sh	Survey Other ear; Sputum; CSF; Swab; U Specimen	BCG: □ Y □ DPT: □ Y □ HBV: □ Y □ MMR: □ Y □ *Specify Jrine; 8tool; Ticsu	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	V/MM/DD V/MM/DD V/MM/DD V/MM/DD (PPT); Food;W Specimen 2	Polio: YF: Other*: Vater; Animal;	Y ON Y ON Y ON Enviro	N YYY/M/D



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APPENDIX 11: ENHANCED RESPIRATORY INFECTION SURVEILLANCE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FLOW CHART





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APPENDIX 12: ENHANCED HOSPITAL SARI/ILI/aLRTI SURVEILLANCE REPORTING FORM

Fnidemiological Week #

- drisii.	mistitution.				mological week			Reporting	s. Duny 🗀	weekly L
		Sur	veillance of Sev	ere Acute Re	espiratory Infe	ction (SARI)				
Reporting Date:	< 6 mths	6-11 mths	12-23 mths	2-4 yrs	5-14 yrs	15-49 yrs	50-59 yrs	60-64 yrs	≥ 65 yrs	Total
SARI Admissions										
SARI Deaths										
SARI ICU Admissions										
Total ICU Admissions										
SARI Samples taken										
Hospital medical admissions										
Deaths in medical admissions										
Hospital Admissions										
Deaths in hospitalized patients										
SARI Entered into PAHO Flu										
UTM in Stock										
	·									
	Influenza-Like I	llness (ILI)				Admitted	Lower Resp	iratory Tract Ir	nfection (aLRT	I)
	Total	< 5 yrs	5-59 yrs	≥ 60 yrs	Total aLRTI					
ILI Cases					TOTALALITI					
ILI Samples Taken					Total al RTI	Sample Taken				
Total Visits					70tal aliti	Junipic Tuken	1			
Surveillance Coordinator: MO(H) Signate								Date:		

Notes

Parish:

- Please indicate by ticking the respective box whether the report is daily or weekly.
- The Epidemiological Week begins on a Sunday and ends on a Saturday. The date on Sunday is recorded as the Week Start Date.

Institution:

- Hospital medical admissions constitute all admissions to the medical ward, medical admissions to the paediatric ward, and medical admissions to the intensive care unit (for each particular age group).
- Deaths in medical admissions constitutes all deaths on the medical ward, in medical patients on the paediatric ward, in medical patients in the intensive care unit
- Hospital admissions constitutes all admissions to hospital
- Deaths in hospitalized patients constitute all deaths in those admitted to hospital.
- Total visits constitute all visits to hospitals A&E
- Form should be submitted to the surveillance unit, along with other parish weekly surveillance reports.

Reporting: Daily |

Weekly



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APPENDIX 13: GENERAL HOSPITAL SURVEILLANCE LINE LISTING FOR COVID-19 TESTING

I	Hospital				_	Date						
Reg. No	Surname	First Name	Age	Sex (M/F)	Clinical Category	Diagnosis	Ward	Specialty	Date of Sample	Result		
N	lame of Complet	ting Officer:			Signat	ture:	_ Job Title:			_		
					Clinical Ca	ategories:						
		Phase 1. May 25 Intensive Care Unit /Hi Decreased Consciousne Immunodeficiency: D1: Scheduled for Surgery Hospital Deaths	ess		Mellitus, Drug Induced	Phase 2 June 22 Over 60 years Phase 3 July 20 All admissions (under consideration)						
Ί	To be sent to:	1. NPHL	2. St	rveillanc	e MOHW 3. HSI	PI MOHW						



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APPENDIX 14a: COMMUNITY PROFILE FORM

Instructions

Please indicate below all the relevant information about the community of interest by using a tick (\checkmark) or writing. Where information is not available or relevant please insert N/A. Also to complete the communities profile please prepare and attach a map of the relevant community.

Community Demographics

	Community Demographics										
Date	Name of	Data Collec	tor		Parish						
Community Name						Community Map attached Yes [] No[]					
Type of Community		Pol	pulation Size								
Rural □ Urban□ Su	ıburban 🗆	Other□			Tot	tal		Male	Female		
Age Distribution		0-9	10-19	20-29		30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	≥70	
Number of househo	lds / prem	ises in the c	ommunity								
Most common type	of househ	olds in the c	community								
Separate house – De	tached 🗆	Improvised	d housing un	it □ Ot	her s	specify				_	
Primary community	source of	water?									
Piped into house □			Community s	tandpipe		Trucked into	o commun	ity□ Privat	e catchment ,	/ tank□	
No regular source □	Other :										
Signature Name											
Signature of the Person Submitting this Form Name of the Person Submitting this Form (print)											
Date of Signature											
	r/11/	, 1111	vv								



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APPENDIX 14b: COVID-19 COMMUNITY SURVEILLANCE SUMMARY REPORTING FORM

Parish:		Date of Report:									
		СОММ	UNITY SURVEILLANCE								
Location/ Community	Total Persons Assessed	Total Samples Taken	Results Received	Results Outstanding	No. Negative	No. Positive					
Total											
Report Prepared by:											
Position of Reporter:											
Parish MO(H) Sign	ature:										



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APPENDIX 14c: COMMUNITY SURVEILLANCE HOUSEHOLD ASSESSMENT FORM

COMMUNITY LEVEL INFORMATION										
Household ID:			Parish			Community				
Dwelling				Household						
				DATA C	OLLECTOR INFORMATION					
Name:				Substantive post [1]MO [2] PHN/RM/RN [3]PHI [4]CHA [5]Other						
Telephone: (876)				Email:						
HOUSEH	OLD INFO	ORMATIC	ON							
Number of occupa household:	nts in the	!			Number of household members present today:					
Number of rooms	in the dw	elling:			Number of rooms where people sleep:					
What Type of Hou	ısing Unit	ls This?								
☐ Separate House			☐ Apartmer		☐ Townhouse	☐ Other Attach				
☐ Part of Commer	cial Buildi	ing	☐ Improvise Unit	ed Housing	☐ Other (Specify)	☐ Non-respons	se			
Source Of Water:										
□Piped water into	dwelling		□Piped into	yard	☐Community standpipe	☐Trucked into	community			
□Private catchme	nt/tank		□No regula	r supply	□Other , specify	□Non response	е			
Have you had pro	blems acc	cessing v	vater this month	:						
☐ (2) Nightly lock- disconnected non-paymen				d due to	☐ (4)Tank is low due to lack of rainfall	□(5)Other				
Disposal of Sanita										
□(1) Flush toilet, I main	inked to s	sewer	□(2) Flush t linked to sev	wer main	□(3) Pit latrine	□(4)None				
□(5) Other (Specif	5.4		(private sept	tic system)	☐(6) Refused to answer					
ы(э) Other (зресп	<u>y)</u>		HOU:	SEHOLDER ME	DICAL HISTORY Tick(✓) all that ap	pply				
NAME(ID NO.	AGE-	SEX			CHRONIC HEALTH CO	NDITION				
							Doctor prescribed medication	Currently taking prescribed medication?		
1.		M□ F□	Diabetes Mellite ☐Heart Disease		ension □ Asthma Lupus (SLE) □O disease□Rheumatoid Kidney dis		Yes□ No□	Yes □ No□		
2.		M□ F□			ension □ Asthma Lupus (SLE) □O disease□Rheumatoid Kidney dis		Yes□ No□	Yes □ No□		
3.		M□ F□	Diabetes Mellit	us□ Hyperto	ension □ Asthma Lupus (SLE) □O disease□Rheumatoid Kidney dis	ther □Cancer	Yes□ No□	Yes □ No□		
4.		M□ F□	Diabetes Mellit	us□ Hyperto	ension □ Asthma Lupus (SLE) □O disease□Rheumatoid Kidney dis	ther □Cancer	Yes□ No□	Yes □ No□		
5.		М□	Diabetes Mellit	us□ Hyperte	ension ☐ Asthma Lupus (SLE) ☐O	ther □Cancer	Yes□	Yes □ No□		
6.		F□ M□	Diabetes Mellit	Heart Disease □ Sickle cell disease □ Rheumatoid Kidney disease □ No□ iabetes Mellitus □ Hypertension □ Asthma Lupus (SLE) □ Other □ Cancer Yes□						
7.		F□ M□	□ Heart Disease □ Sickle cell disease □ Rheumatoid Kidney disease □ No □ N					No□ Yes □		
		F□	☐ Heart Disease ☐ Sickle cell disease☐Rheumatoid Kidney disease☐ No☐ No☐ No☐					No□		
8.		M□ F□	☐Heart Disease	abetes Mellitus□ Hypertension □ Asthma Lupus (SLE) □Other □Cancer Yes□ Yes□ Heart Disease □ Sickle cell disease□Rheumatoid Kidney disease□ No□ No□						
9.		M□ F□			ension □ Asthma Lupus (SLE) □O disease□Rheumatoid Kidney dis		Yes□ No□	Yes □ No□		
10.		M□ F□			ension □ Asthma Lupus (SLE) □O disease□Rheumatoid Kidney dis		Yes□ No□	Yes □ No□		

If additional householders are present, please use an another form!



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	HOUSEHOLDER	INFLUENZA LIKE ILLNESS INFORMATION	
1.	Fever ≥38°C□ Chills□Fatigue□Muscle ache	Did any of your symptoms require you to seek medical attention?	
Initial	□Sore throat□Cough □Runny nose□Shortness of	YES □ NO□ If yes, specify where? Public hospital□ Private hospital□ Private doctor□	ΠOtherΠ
	breath□Wheezing□ Chest pain□Headache Loss of	Did any of your symptoms require you to miss work? Yes □	NO □
	taste□Loss of smell□Abdominal pain□ Diarrhoea□	If yes how long	
	Other Specify other	Were you admitted to hospital because of any of these symptoms? Yes \Box	NO □
		If yes , date /place of admission	
		Date of discharge ?	
2.	Fever ≥38°C□ Chills□Fatigue□Muscle ache	Did any of your symptoms require you to seek medical attention?	
Initial	□Sore throat□Cough □Runny nose□Shortness of	YES □ NO□ If yes, specify where? Public hospital□ Private hospital□ Private doctor□	□Other□
	breath□Wheezing□ Chest pain□Headache Loss of	Did any of your symptoms require you to miss work? Yes □	NO □
	taste□Loss of smell□Abdominal pain□ Diarrhoea□	If yes how long	
	Other Specify other	Were you admitted to hospital because of any of these symptoms? Yes \Box	NO □
		If yes , date /place of admission	
		Date of discharge ?	
3. Initial	Fever ≥38°C□ Chills□Fatigue□Muscle ache	Did any of your symptoms require you to seek medical attention? YES □ NO□	
iiiiciai	□Sore throat□Cough □Runny nose□Shortness of	If yes, specify where? Public hospital Private hospital Private doctor	□Other□
	breath□Wheezing□ Chest pain□Headache Loss of	Did any of your symptoms require you to miss work? Yes □	NO □
	taste□Loss of smell□Abdominal pain□ Diarrhoea□	If yes how long	
	Other Specify other	Were you admitted to hospital because of any of these symptoms? Yes \Box	NO □
		If yes , date /place of admission	
4	Francis CF Chilly Francis - Flat and and and	Date of discharge?	
4. Initial	Fever ≥38°C□ Chills□Fatigue□Muscle ache	Did any of your symptoms require you to seek medical attention? YES □ NO□	
	□Sore throat□Cough □Runny nose□Shortness of	If yes, specify where? Public hospital ☐ Private hospital ☐ Private doctor	□Other□
	breath□Wheezing□ Chest pain□Headache Loss of	Did any of your symptoms require you to miss work? Yes □	NO □
	taste□Loss of smell□Abdominal pain□ Diarrhoea□	If yes how long	
	Other Specify other	Were you admitted to hospital because of any of these symptoms? Yes	NO 🗆
		If yes , date /place of admission	
5.	Fever ≥38°C□ Chills□Fatigue□Muscle ache	Date of discharge? Did any of your symptoms require you to seek medical attention?	
Initial	□Sore throat□Cough □Runny nose□Shortness of	YES NO	
	,	If yes, specify where? Public hospital ☐ Private hospital ☐ Private doctor	
	breath ☐ Wheezing ☐ Chest pain ☐ Headache Loss of	Did any of your symptoms require you to miss work? Yes □	NO 🗆
	taste □ Loss of smell □ Abdominal pain □ Diarrhoea □	If yes how long	NO 🗆
	Other□ Specify other	Were you admitted to hospital because of any of these symptoms? Yes If yes , date /place of admission	NO 🗆
		Date of discharge ?	
6.	Fever ≥38°C□ Chills□Fatigue□Muscle ache	Did any of your symptoms require you to seek medical attention?	
Initial	□Sore throat□Cough □Runny nose□Shortness of	YES 🗆 NO 🗆	
	breath□Wheezing□ Chest pain□Headache Loss of	If yes, specify where? Public hospital ☐ Private hospital ☐ Private doctor ☐ Did any of your symptoms require you to miss work? Yes ☐	□Other□ NO □
	taste□Loss of smell□Abdominal pain□ Diarrhoea□	If yes how long	NO LI
	Other□ Specify other	Were you admitted to hospital because of any of these symptoms? Yes	NO 🗆
	other in Specify other	If yes , date /place of admission	
		Date of discharge ?	
8.	Fever ≥38°C□ Chills□Fatigue□Muscle ache	Did any of your symptoms require you to seek medical attention?	
Initial	☐Sore throat☐Cough ☐Runny nose☐Shortness of	YES □ NO□ If yes, specify where? Public hospital□ Private hospital□ Private doctor□	JOthor□
	breath□Wheezing□ Chest pain□Headache Loss of	Did any of your symptoms require you to miss work? Yes	NO 🗆
	taste□Loss of smell□Abdominal pain□ Diarrhoea□	If yes how long	
	Other□ Specify other	Were you admitted to hospital because of any of these symptoms? Yes	NO 🗆
	· · · ————	If yes , date /place of admission	
		Date of discharge ?	
9.	Fever ≥38°C□ Chills□Fatigue□Muscle ache	Did any of your symptoms require you to seek medical attention? YES \square NO	
Initial	□Sore throat□Cough □Runny nose□Shortness of	If yes, specify where? Public hospital Private hospital Private doctor	
	breath□Wheezing□ Chest pain□Headache Loss of	Did any of your symptoms require you to miss work? Yes ☐ If yes how long	NO 🗆
	taste□Loss of smell□Abdominal pain□ Diarrhoea□	Were you admitted to hospital because of any of these symptoms? Yes	NO □
	Other Specify other	If yes , date /place of admission	
		Date of discharge ?	
10.	Fever ≥38°C□ Chills□Fatigue□Muscle ache	Did any of your symptoms require you to seek medical attention?	
Initial	☐Sore throat☐Cough ☐Runny nose☐Shortness of	YES NO]O+bor□
	breath□Wheezing□ Chest pain□Headache Loss of	If yes, specify where? Public hospital ☐ Private hospital ☐ Private doctor ☐ Did any of your symptoms require you to miss work? Yes ☐	JOther⊔ NO □
	taste□Loss of smell□Abdominal pain□ Diarrhoea□	If yes how long	
	Other Specify other	Were you admitted to hospital because of any of these symptoms? Yes	NO □
		If yes , date /place of admission	
		Date of discharge ?	



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GLOSSARY

Admitted Lower Respiratory Tract Infection (aLRTI) / Pneumonia	A person who presents with a lower respiratory tract infection with onset within the last 14 days or less AND who requires hospitalization for their illness.
Close Contact	Any person who had contact (within 1 metre) of a confirmed case during their symptomatic period, including 4 days before symptom onset.
Community	Collection of enumeration districts (EDs) defined geographically by STATIN.
Confirmed Case	A person with laboratory confirmation of COVID-19 infection, irrespective of clinical signs and symptoms
Conjugate Living Facilities	Two or more people living together in non-domestic residences including residential institutions such as places of safety, boarding schools, dormitories, hostels, nursing homes or prisons. These should be evaluated and documented separately as transmission risk is high in such settings.
Contact	A person who experienced any one of the following exposures (face-to-face, direct physical contact, or direct care for a patient) during the 2 days before and the 14 days after the onset of symptoms of a probable or confirmed case. All individuals associated with some sphere of activity of the case, who may have similar or other exposures as the case. Contacts can include household members, other family contacts, neighbours, visitors, colleagues, teachers, classmates, co-workers, social or health workers, members of a social group.
Correctional Facilities	Enclosed environments where both staff and inmates interact in close proximity
COVID-19 Death	A death resulting from a clinically compatible illness in a probable or confirmed COVID-19 case, unless there is a clear alternative cause of death that cannot be related to COVID-19 disease (e.g. trauma). There should be no period of complete recovery between the illness and death
General Staff	Staff involved in the provision of medical care for inmates but can be exposed to infectious agents, which may be transferred to inmates. These persons include correctional officers, police officers, security guards, clerical, dietary, cleaning, laundry, security, engineering and facilities management, administrative, and volunteer personnel.
Health Care Personnel	Medical officers, nurses, nursing assistants, technicians, and therapists who are directly involved in medical care of the inmates / nursing home residents.



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Health Care Worker Infirmary Staff	For the purposes of COVID-19 surveillance refers to all staff in the health care facility involved in the provision of care for a COVID-19 infected patient. This includes those who have been present in the same area as the infected patient and those who have not provided direct care to the patient, but who have had contact with the patient's blood or body fluids, contaminated materials or devices and equipment linked to the patient or environmental surfaces. The cadre of health care workers will therefore include all health care professionals, allied health workers, auxiliary health workers. Health care workers include but are not limited to cleaning and laundry personnel, x-ray physicians and technicians, clerks, phlebotomists, respiratory therapist, nutritionists, social workers, physical therapists, lab personnel, cleaners, admission/reception clerks, patient transporters, catering staff. Infirmary staff constitute nurses, nursing assistants, physicians, technicians, therapists, contractual staff not employed by the healthcare facility who are directly involved in patient care. Other staff may not be involved in the provision of care for residents but can be exposed to infectious agents, which may be transferred to residents. These persons will be included for surveillance purposes and include clerical, dietary, cleaning, laundry, security, engineering and facilities management, administrative, billing, and
Influenza-Like Illness (ILI)	volunteer personnel. A person who presents with symptoms of a measured fever or history of fever and a cough with onset within the last 10 days or less.
Inmate	A person who is involuntarily confined to a correctional facility.
Probable Case	A suspected case for whom testing for COVID-19 virus is inconclusive; OR A suspected case for whom testing for COVID-19 could not be performed for any reason.
Severe Acute Respiratory Illness (SARI)	A person who presents with symptoms of a measured fever or history of fever and a cough with onset within the last 10 days or less AND who requires hospitalization for their illness.



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Suspected Case

A person with acute respiratory illness (fever and at least ONE (1) sign or symptom of respiratory disease (e.g., cough, shortness of breath)) AND a history of travel to or residence in a location reporting community transmission (see current WHO COVID-19 Situation Report) of COVID-19 disease during the 14 days prior to symptom onset; OR A person with fever or any acute respiratory illness AND having been in contact with a confirmed or probable case of COVID-19 case, in the 14 days prior to the onset of illness; OR A person with severe acute respiratory infection (fever and at least ONE (1) sign or symptom of respiratory disease (e.g., Cough, Shortness of Breath)) AND requiring hospitalization AND in the absence of an alternative diagnosis that fully explains the clinical presentation.